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ISSUE

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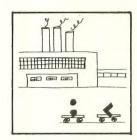
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Customer support

EDITORIAL



This page will give me an opportunity to deal with pressing topics, and a chance to speak directly to you our readers. I won't be writing this department every month—just whenever something useful presents itself. For this issue the most pressing topic I can think of is who we are and what we plan for the coming year.

We are dedicated Atari enthusiasts who have been involved with the 800 and 400 since it came on the market back in late 1979. We have varied backgrounds, some of us are computer professionals and some of us are what I've come to call Atari professionals, very motivated Atari users. What we have in common is our enthusiasm for home computing, especially using Atari, and our desire to share this enthusiasm.

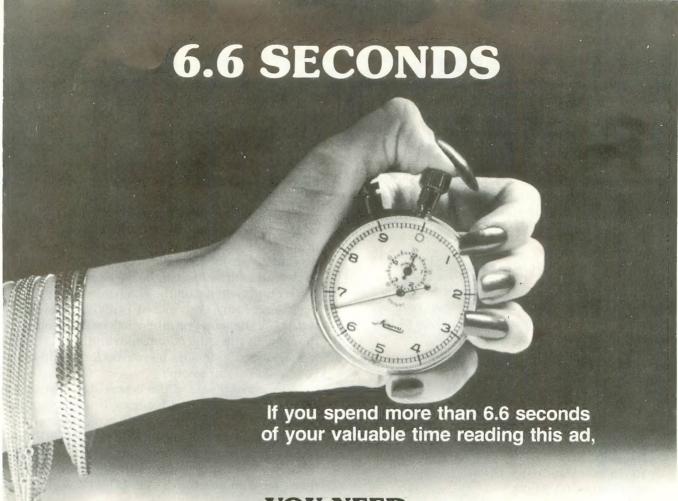
We've looked carefully at the Atari user community and watched it grow until now there are approximately 100,000 users. Most of us at the magazine have been involved in computer clubs and newsletter publications. We now think it's time Atari users had their own dedicated publication, a resource which can be turned to for help and up-to-date information. We intend to create a publication that you, as Atari users, can be proud of; a journal that will keep you abreast of the latest hardware and software developments; a national forum with articles written by acknowledged experts and motivated beginners; a magazine you will find indispensable. We intend to bring you the best reviews, the most informative how-to-do-it articles, and perhaps an insiders' column from Atari headquarters. Additionally, we shall make available the collected volumes of public domain software and this at a price you can't possibly ignore. (See our application for further information.) We have scheduled six issues in this our first year. Expect to see some changes in format and content as we learn who you are and what you need. Actually, that's my clever way of asking you for your support by way of phone calls and letters and of course your subscriptions.

We hope to provide a publication you shall all look forward to receiving. For beginners we have Starting Line, advanced programmers see Systems Guide, and software publishers and would-be publishers watch for our interviews with some Atari programmers who are making it. There's more, so keep watching—with your support we're really going to GROW.

Oh, one more thing. ANTIC will finally give Atari enthusiasts a strong clear voice that will be heard down there in Silicon Valley.

Well, that's it. If you have any questions just drop us a note—we'll respond in our I/O Board (that's our input-output department).

James Capparell Editor/Publisher ANTIC The ATARI Resource



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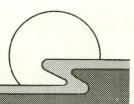
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WORD PROCESSORS FOR

THE ATARI A COMPARISON

by Jon Loveless

There are currently three true word processors available for the ATARI, and that in itself creates a few problems. Typically, you would run out and buy one the moment one of 2 things occur:

1. you have the money, or

2. you find a store that has one in stock.

If you have not yet done so, or have done so and are still interested in what else is available, then read on. We are going to do an exhaustive comparison of the currently available word processors.

NAME: Letter Perfect (TM) Vers. 2.0

by: LKJ Enterprises, INC.

P.O. Box 10827 St. Louis, MO 63129

NAME: Text Wizard (TM)

by: DataSoft INC

19519 Business Center Drive

Northridge, CA 91324

NAME: Atari Word Processor

by: Atari, Inc.

Borregas Drive

Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Note: LKJ has 2 disk based versions of Letter Perfect and 1 ROM version. Version 1.0 was released early in 1981, and has been replaced by Version 2.0. Disk based Version 2.0 is the one being compared here and you should be aware of which version you are looking at before you buy.

The most difficult part of any software comparison is the final recommendation, so we are going to present the recommendation first. The bottom line is that all three of these word processors are excellent. If you were to choose one at random with no advance knowledge about its capabilities, you would end up with an excellent product and a purchase of value. All three have a number of commands to get used to, and with practice can be mastered in fairly short order. After several sessions at the keyboard these commands will become second nature and a more detailed evaluation can be made. Here again, none will fail, but regardless of which you purchase you will undoubtedly find something you wish you had.

Having started with relatively equal booking, let's look at the best and worst features of each word processor first, and then fill in the middle ground with a chart of feature comparisons.

LETTER PERFECT (TM)

BEST FEATURES:

The database merge capability stands out as truly unique feature of *Letter Perfect*. This will allow the printing of form letters to a list of people without the need to manually change the name and address. The name and address list can be developed on *Letter Perfect* and then, using the companion program *Mail/Merge* (extra-cost option), print out individual letters using the name or other data in the heading and the body of the letter. Coupled with the LKJ Database Management System (to be released soon) this should be a powerful threesome.

The general ease of use is probably next on the list of *Letter Perfect* best features. If you accept the default values built into the software, you can boot the disk (a menu will appear), press [RETURN], and begin typing. It is really that simple. Pressing the [ESC] key will bring you back to the menu where there are commands to SAVE, LOAD AND PRINT, to name a few.

There are also a few other features that should come under the category of "nice touch". For example, pressing the CONTROL key and [A] will move the cursor to the beginning of the line you are on, and CONTROL [Z] will move the cursor to the end of the same line. This may sound insignificant, but with nearly 50 commands, and 15 format representations this kind of simple and logical interaction is appreciated.

WORST FEATURES:

Version 1.0 had a number of bugs, and other problems often associated with the first release of new software. Version 2.0 has corrected all of these and added a few other niceties. As a result, we are hard pressed to find what we could call a "worst." LKJ chose to utilize their own Disk Operating System which creates instant compatibility problems problems. This has been correctd to a large degree with the optional program *Mail/Merge*. In the absence of the comparison program, however, it does limit you to using *Letter Perfect* files. Atari's 40 column TV screen limitation is overcome somewhat by a "SCREEN FORMAT" command on the menu, but this is at best only a partial solution.

All in all, *Letter Perfect* is a well written, well engineered, easy to use program that will satisfy the vast majority of word processing needs.

continued on page 34

WORD PROCESSOR FEATURE COMPARISON CHART

FEATURE	LETTER PERFECT	TEXT WIZARD	ATARI W
Printing			
Printer-825	yes	yes	yes
Printer-MX80	yes	yes	limited
multiple copy print	yes	no	no
single sheet print	yes	yes	yes
5 cpi	yes	yes	yes
10 срі	yes	yes	yes
16 cpi	yes	yes	yes
proportional	yes-825	yes-825	yes-825
center text	yes	yes	yes
right margin text	yes	yes	yes
headers/page numbers	yes	yes	yes
footers/page numbers	yes	yes	yes
underline text	yes-825 (1)	yes-825 only	yes-825
pause print	no	no	no
double column print	no	yes-825 only	yes
Editing			
ATARI screen editor	yes	yes	yes
text parsing	yes	yes	yes
tab spacing	yes	yes	yes
adjustable tab	yes	no	yes
line spacing	yes-CR	yes-CR	yes-(2)
search text	yes	yes	yes
replace text	yes	yes	yes
selective srch/repl	no (3)	yes	yes
delete text	wide variety	wide variety	wide variety
move text	yes	yes	yes
go to end of text	yes	yes	yes
go to top of text	yes	yes	yes
on screen formatting	yes (4)	no	yes
text review (scroll)	yes	yes	yes
File Handling			
DOS used	LKJ (5)	ATARI	ATARI
disk formatting	yes	no	yes
lock/unlock	yes	no	yes
delete files	yes	yes	yes
save file-compacted	yes	yes	yes
merge files	yes	yes	yes
'access database	yes (6)	no (7)	no
General			
memory limits	36714	30505	N/A (8)
memory left message	yes-update	yes-keystroke	yes-symbol
menu usage	one	none	5 plus
disk directory	yes	yes	yes

⁽¹⁾ also with MX80 if Graftrax equipped.

⁽²⁾ Atari WP offers 3 methods of line insert.

⁽³⁾ does not support search and replace/no-replace choice.

⁽⁴⁾ screen formatting intersperses lines to simulate a page.

⁽⁵⁾ with Mail/Merge ATARI DOS compatibility is available.

⁽⁶⁾ LKJ database system to be released soon.

⁽⁷⁾ compatibility with Filemanager 800 to be supported.

⁽⁸⁾ Atari WP is page oriented—saved on a single page basis.



by James Capparell

If you are an ATARI owner new to the world of computing, you probably feel overwhelmed by the mass and complexity of the technical information necessary just to use your new computer. With your ATARI you received operating instructions for each piece of hardware. You have the BASIC Reference Manual and the BASIC self-teaching guide. At the store you saw a bewildering assortment of magazines, books and software! Where should you begin?

We here at **ANTIC** want you to know we realize

your dilemma. Our magazine, and especially this column, should help you sort things out. STARTING LINE will be written in simple English. We are starting with some glossary items, and are committed to developing this department and glossary. Please let us know what you want to see here. If something is puzzling you, ask.

Our more advanced readers can help too. Send us those items that have been helpful in your own learning process. We'll all be grateful.

GLOSSARY



CARTRIDGE—This term is probably familiar to those of you with video recorders or tape recorders. In our case CARTRIDGE refers to that plastic box with

BASIC printed on it. This small unit fits into the available slot on your 400 or 800. A CARTRIDGE contains a kind of computer MEMORY. This memory, unlike RAM mentioned earlier, has data(mail) stored in it only once at the factory. The computer can go read the data(mail) many times, but the contents of the mailbox will always be the same. These cartridges are referred to as ROM Read Only Memory. Information can only be read from MEMORY, data is delivered or stored just once at the factory. This special kind of memory doesn't need a power source to remember data, the data is permanently stored in the cartridge.



CASSETTE RECORDER—This is nothing

but a slightly modified, garden variety tape recorder. In big computer systems this would be called a magnetic tape storage unit. It's used to keep a permanent recording of your favorite game program or data. If you want to use and reuse a program then you must save it on some permanent storage, such as a cassette tape.



CONSOLE—This is probably a familiar term. It's used to refer to that part of your ATARI with the typewriter like keys and the sockets for various cables. The

CONSOLE is the heart of your computer system. Inside are the various integrated circuits that have made home computers possible. CONSOLE is synonomous with the computers logic circuitry, MEMORY, and keyboard.



CURSOR—This strange word means pointer or indicator. The CURSOR is the white rectangle that appears on your T.V. screen whenever you turn your computer

CONSOLE on. It really has a very useful function, it shows you where the next character will appear when you press a key. This is useful to know, as a few minutes sitting at your CONSOLE will demonstrate.

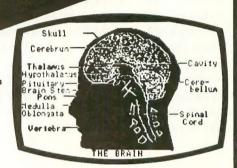
continued on page 8

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MEMORY—Imagine all the mailboxes on your street standing in single file next to each other. Each mailbox has an individual address so that when I say deliver mail to

#329 you should be able to find it. Computer MEMORY is similar to this row of mailboxes. Each MEMORY location has its own address and the ability to hold data. Additionallym you may put(store) mail in a box(memory location) or take(read) mail from a box(memory location). Most importantly, this reading or storing of mail(data) may be performed in any order—randomly. So, reading or storing data into numbers 919, 105, 3, 1000 is perfectly O.K. This is often referred to as Random Access Memory (RAM). Your computer has many of these mailboxes, as many as 65536 addressable locations. Each location is capable of receiving data and storing the data until needed or until power is turned off.

10 REMA 20 X = 0

PROGRAM—also—COMPUTER PRO-

GRAM—These terms indicate the special sequence of instructions that makes the circuitry inside the CONSOLE behave

according to your desire. The instructions or program are delivered to MEMORY to be read later by the circuitry in the CONSOLE. The instructions tell the circuitry what to do. It's the CASSETTE RECORDER which will save the special sequence of instructions known as the PROGRAM from day to day.



CONTROL KEY—This key appearing next to the letter "A" on your keyboard is the abbreviation for CONTROL. When pressed it makes extra functions available.

Usually you must press CTRL simultaneously with another key to enable the special function. For example, press CTRL and the key with the up arrow (next to the letter "P"). This will cause the CURSOR to move up one line.

7 ATARI PRODUCTS



THE MONKEY WRENCH

The Monkey Wrench is a machine language ROM cartridge which extends the operating capability of the ATARI 800 computer. The Monkey Wrench provides 9 new BASIC commands. They are:

Auto Line Numbering — Provides new line numbers when entering BASIC program lines.

Delete Line Numbers — Removes a range of BASIC line numbers.

Renumber — Renumbers BASIC's line numbers.

Renumber — Renumbers BASIC's line numbers.

Allows usage of the cursor keys without holding down the CTRL key.

Allows usage of the cursor keys without holding down the CTPL key Provides the capability to easily change the screen margins. Provides the capability to test RAM memory. Converts a hexidecimal number to a hexidecimal number. Converts a decimal number to a hexidecimal number. Enter the machine language monitor, In addition to the BASIC com-Change Margins Memory Test Hex Conversion Decimal Conversion

mands, the Monkey Wrench also contains a machine language monitor with 15 commands used to interact with the powerful features of the 6502 microprocessor

Cartridge and Manual - \$49.95

TYPING EXERCISE FOR ATARI

Typing Exercise is a great educational program for those who wish to improve their typing skills Typing Exercise consits of two programs, TYPING 1 contains 13 typing drills; 9 drills progress thru alphabet and 4 thru numerics. TYPING 2 is a timed typing test. Time and words per minute are calculated for you.

EPROM CARTRIDGE

The EPROM cartridge is a specially designed printed circuit board which will allow the user to install his or her own EPROM software. Uses 2716, 2532, 2732, type EPROMs

Cartridge and Manual - \$19.95

OTHER NICE STUFF
Atari 400 16K Memory
Atari 800 16K Memory
Commodore UIC-20 Computer
Syncom or Memorex 5%" disks
Mini-Flex disk File Case (holds 50 5%" disks)
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Starwriter 25 cps printer with tractors Parallel Interface \$1645.6

MAE (Macro Assembler Editor)

MAE contains the most powerful 6502 assembler and test editor currently on the market. If you are looking for a professional development tool that can greatly increase the productivity of your programming staff, then MAE may be the answer. The following are just some of MAE's features — Write

- for detailed spec sheet:

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- 28 error codes, 27 commands, 26 pseudo ops, and 5 conditional assembly operators.

 Contains a word processor, example files, and learning aid.

 Requires at least 32K of memory.

- All commands oriented for disk operation with ATARI 810 disk drive.
- Macro, Conditional Assembly, and Interactive Asembly capability Sorted Symbol Table
- - Optionally creates executable object code in memory or relocatable object code on disk, 810 Diskette and Manual - \$169.95 50 page manual,
- (requires license agreement)

MACRO ASSEMBLER AND TEXT EDITOR (ASSM/TED)

ASSM/TED is a high powered Macro assembler and text editor for use with ATARI 800 computers

- with at least 40K of memory.

 Written entirely in Machine Language Not in Basic like some we know of. Thus you get very fast and accurate assemblies.
- 36 Error Codes, 26 Commands, 22 Pseudo ops.
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 Multiple source files on cassette may be assembled.
- - Built-in machine language monitor......... Cassette and Manual - \$49.95 810 Diskette and Manual - \$53.95

MACHINE LANGUAGE MONITOR FOR ATARI

The Machine Language Monitor for ATARI provides 21 commands which allows the user the ability to interact with the 6502 microprocessor. It is compatible with ATARI BASIC and (ance loaded) is ready for your use at anytime. The monitor comes on cassette or on diskette for the ATARI 810 disk. Cassette version — \$24.95 Diskette version — \$29.95

MEMORY TEST FOR ATARI

When you purchase a new ATARI or add on new RAM modules, you need to be sure that the memory

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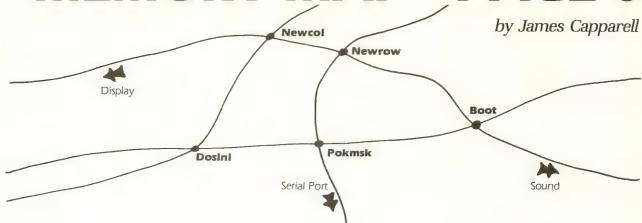
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SYSTEMS GUIDE MEMORY MAP—PAGE 0



This department will be devoted to systems related questions, descriptions, and elaborations. Over the next few issues of **ANTIC** we will construct a complete memory map. A memory map is nothing but a list of the reserved memory locations in RAM and ROM with a description of the purpose of each location.

We will present the addresses in ascending order with decimal and hexadecimal (base 16) address equivalent. Listed next to the address will be the number of contiguous locations that are related by function. Lobyte-hibyte address vectors are typical examples of two continguous bytes referred to by one name. Printed next to the number of locations will be the name assigned the address(es) in the ATARI documentation. Finally we give a simple (and sometimes not so simple) explanation of the function.

For example: 12 \$C 2DOSINI address 12 (decimal) or C (hexidecimal) has 2 continguous locations devoted to the function named DOSINI.

This month, in **SYSTEM GUIDE**, we describe the low end of RAM memory. These RAM locations are initialized whenever you turn the ATARI on. The values are copied from the ROM data base. Addresses 0 to 255 decimal are known as page 0. We are only showing the first 128 locations, those we've deciphered so far. I would like to invite all of you to participate in this project. Help us pry into the secrets of these last 128 bytes. If you've discovered something interesting, don't keep it a secret, share it. Our intent is to provide the most accurate up-to-date information. If you see an error, have an addendum, or can provide an interesting example please forward it and we'll all be doing one another a service. THANKS.

0 SO 1 LINZBS	???	
1 \$1 1 LINZBS	???	
2 \$2 2 CASINI	If cassette booted successfully during powerup the	n JSR thru here.
4 \$4 2 RAMLO	Ram pointer for memory test.	
6 \$6 1 TRAMSZ	Temporary register for RAM size.	
7 \$7 1 TSTDAT	RAM test data register.	
8 \$8 1 WARMST	Warmstart flag set true (-1) when S/RESET pushed	d. When $(=0)$ false then
	powerup retry.	
9 \$9 1 BOOT	Boot flag success indicator.	
10 \$A 2 DOSVEC	Disk software start vector.	
12 SC 2 DOSINI	Used to store address of initialization of application	n upon DOS boot JSR
	indirect thru here to initialize application.	
14 SE 2 APPMHI	Contains highest address of RAM needed by user.	Screen handler opens S:
	only if no RAM needed below this address.	
16 \$10 1 POKMSK	IRQ service uses and alters POKMSK. These are PC	OKEY interrupts. Shadow
	for IRQEN[\$D20E].	
	bit 7=1 Break key interrupt enable.	
	bit 6=1 Other key interrupt enable.	continued on next page

	bit $5=1$ Serial input data ready interrupt enable.
	bit 4=1 Serial output data needed interrupt enable.
	bit 3=1 Serial out transmission finished interrupt enable.bit 2=1 Timer 4
	interrupt enable.
	bit 1=1 Timer 1 interrupt enable.
17 \$11 1 BRKKEY	This is initalized to -1 by OS.(1-=no break key pressed Monitored by
	keyboard also screen editor. Break during I/O returns status of \$80. This is
	set to 0 when break key is pressed.
18 \$12 3 RTCLOK	Updated every vblank interrupt (1/60 SEC.). Called frame counter initialized
	to 0 and overflows to 0. The least significant byte of counter is \$12 and it
	uses 16msec units.
21 \$15 2 BUFADR	Indirect buffer address register. Used as temporary page 0 pointer to
	current disk buffer.
23 \$17 1 ICCOMT	Command for vector ????
24 \$18 2 DSKFMS	Disk file manager pointer ????
26 \$1A 2 DSKUTL	Disk utilities pointer ????
28 \$1C 1 PTIMOT	Printer timeout every printer status request. Typical timeout for the 825 is
20 1.0	5 seconds. Initialized to 30 sec.
29 \$1D 1 PBPNT	Print buffer pointer, index into printer buffer ranges from 0 to value of
	PBUFSZ.
30 \$1E 1 PBUFSZ	Print buffer size of printer record for current mode.
	normal=40 bytes
	double width=20 bytes
	sideways = 29 bytes
	status=4
31 \$1F 1 PTEMP	Printer handler uses this temp register to save value of character to output
	to printer.
32 \$20 1 ZIOCB	IOCBAS ICHIDZ HANDLER INDEX # FF=FREE IOCB
33 \$21 1 ICDNOZ	Device # (DRIVE #)
34 \$22 1 ICCOMZ	Command code
35 \$23 1 ICSTAZ	Status of last IOCB action.
36 \$24 1 ICBALZ	Buffer address low byte.
37 \$25 1 ICBAHZ	Buffer address high byte.
38 \$26 1 ICPTLZ	Put byte routine (address -1) low byte.
39 \$27 1 ICPTHZ	Put byte high byte.
40 \$28 1 ICBLIZ	Buffer length low byte.
41 \$29 1 ICBLHZ	Buffer length high byte.
42 \$2A 1 ICAZ1Z	Auxiliary information first byte.
43 \$2B 1 ICAX2Z	Auxiliary information second byte.
44 \$2C 1 ICSPRZ	Spare bytes local CIO use.
45 \$2D 1 ICSPRZ	Spare bytes local CIO use.
46 \$2D 1 ICSPRZ	IOCB Number multiplied by 16.
47 \$3F 1 CIOCHR	Character byte for current operation.
48 \$30 1 STATUS	Internal status storage.
49 \$31 1 CHKSUM	Single byte sum with carry to least significant bit.
50 \$32 1 BUFRLO	Pointer to data buffer low byte.??? which buffer.
51 \$33 1 BUFRI	Pointer to data buffer high byte.
52 \$34 1 BFENLO	Next byte past end of data buffer. (lobyte)
53 \$35 1 BFENHI	Next byte past end of data buffer. (hibyte)
54 \$36 1 CRETRY 55 \$37 1 DRETRY	Number of command frame retries. Number of device retries.
56 \$38 1 BUFRFL	Buffer full flag.
JO JJO I BOTKIL	Buffer full flag.

MEMORY MAP continued

57 \$39 1 RECVDN Receive done flag. 58 \$3A 1 XMTDON Transmission done flag. 59 \$3B 1 CHKSNT Checksum sent flag.

No checksum follows data flag. 60 \$3C 1 NOCKSM 61 \$3D 1 BPTR

Cassette record data index into data portion of record being read or written values range 0 to current value BLIMI [\$28A] when BPTR=BLIM then buffer CASBOFF [\$3FD] is empty if reading or full if writing

Interrecord Gap type. Copy of ICAX2Z from open command FTYPE 62 \$3E 1 FTYPE

normal gaps. FTYPE 0 continuous gaps.

Cassette end of file flag used by cassette handler to indicate end of file. 63 \$3F 1 FEOF Beep count retain and count number of beeps requested of beep routine by 64 \$40 1 FREQ

cassette handler during open processing.

Noisy I/O flag when I/O is done buzzer sounds poke 0 and it won't buzz. 65 \$41 1 SOUNDR Defines critical section (if non-zero) checked on NMI process after stage 1 66 \$42 1 CRITIC processed.

67 \$43 7 FMSZPO Disk file manager zero page.

74 \$4A 1 CKEY Cassette boot request flag on powerup (coldstart). Start key checked, if

pressed then CKEY is set.

75 \$4B 1 CASSBT Cassette boot flag.

Display status used by display handler. 76 \$4C 1 DSTAT

77 \$4D 1 ATRACT Attract flag set to 0 by IRQ whenever a key is pressed. Incremented every 4 seconds by stage 1 Vblank. When value is 127 then value is set to \$FE

until attract mode is terminated.

Dark attract mask = \$FE when attract mode inactive. 78 \$4E 1 DRKMSK

Attract color shifter XOR'd with playfield colors. At stage 2 Vblank color 79 \$4F 1 COLRSH registers are XOR'd with COLRSH and DRKMSK then sent to hardware color registers. When attract inactive COLRSH=0 and DRKMSK=\$F6 reducing luminence 50% and COLRSH=RTCLOCK+1 affecting color change every

256/60 = 4.1 sec.

Used by display handler in moving data to and from screen. 80 \$50 1 TEMP

Same as [\$50]. When BASIC in use these 2 locations called LOMEM and 81 \$51 1 HOLD1 point to 256 byte buffer at end of OS. RAM used to tokenize one line of BASIC.

82 \$52 1-LMARGN Column of left margin of text screen, initialized to 2.

Column of right margin of text screen initialized to 39. Margins are user 83 \$53 1 RMARGN alterable. Ignored in every mode but 0.

Display row number used in graphics screen and mode 0. Range 0 - 191. 84 \$54 1 ROWCRS This location and COLCRS define the cursor location for the next data

element to be read/written to main screen segment. Display column number used in graphics and mode 0 (lobyte). Range 0 - 319 85 \$55 2 COLCRS

(hibyte). Home position is 0,0 for both graphics and text.

Display mode current screen mode obtained from low order 4 bits of most 87 \$57 1 DINDEX

recent open AUXI byte.

Lowest address of display memory this location corresponds to the upper 88 \$58 2 SAVMSC

left corner of screen (lobyte).

These next 3 locations are updated from ROWCRS and COLCRS before 90 \$5A 1 OLDROW

every operation???

These variables used only in draw and fill commands (lobyte). 91 S5B 2 OLDCOL

Retains value of character under visible text cursor. Used to restore 93 \$5D 1 OLDCHR

character when cursor moves.

Retains memory address of current visible text cursor location. Used in 94 \$5E 2 OLDADR

conjunction with OLDCHR to restor character value when cursor moves

lobyte.

96 \$60 1 NEWROW Point draw goes to.

PILOT YOUR ATARI

by Ken Harms

PILOT is not just another computer language, it is designed to meet some of the needs of new programmers, educators, and children.

PILOT grew out of work by John Starkweather at the University of California at San Francisco back in 1972. He wanted a language which would make it easy to write tutorial programs for students, programs capable of recognizing responses other than the typical "1, 2, 3 multiple choice" style prevalent in current teaching programs. With PILOT, it is easy to ask, "Who was the first president of the United States?" and record and score answers such as "President Washington," "I believe it was G. Washington," "George Washington," "GEORGE WASHINGTON," "Washington". PILOT needs only three statements to accomplish this type of user interaction.

Dean Brown at Stanford Research Institute proved that teachers could understand PILOT, and students loved it. Since PILOT is word-oriented, as contrasted to BASIC's number orientation, it naturally fits the "riddle" and "tell-a-story" type of program which youngsters like. At the same time, Seymour Papert at MIT developed a new way to conceptualize and teach about geometry and shapes. This development was called "Turtle Graphics" and proved ideal for use in home computers. Atari wisely included a Turtle Graphics command language with the PILOT module.

The old "Cartesian Coordinate" system required commands like this:

Start at position X=20 and Y=10. Draw a line to X=40 and Y=10; draw a line to X=40 and Y=30; draw a line to X=20 and Y=30; finally, draw a line to X=20 and Y=10.

Can you guess what figure this is? How big it is? Using Turtle Graphics the same pictures can be drawn like this:

Do this 4 times: draw a line 20 space long, turn Right 90 degrees.

The box shape is more apparent and the commands are more readily understood. Only 14 or 15 commands represent the core of PILOT. All are only one or two characters long and easily remembered—a "J" is the "jump to" command. Anyone who is not a good typist will appreciate the wisdom of short commands. Short, easy to remember commands and Turtle Graphics combined with Atari's wonderful screen editor will make almost anyone's introduction to computing more pleasurable and rewarding.

Finally, PILOT programs become naturally organized around modules. This encourages a well-structured programming style. (Oh yes, PILOT includes full use of the Atari sound system—more on that in a later article.)

PILOT is available in two packages; one is just the language cartridge and users guide (about \$90), the other is a well documented comprehensive package that I recommend (about \$130). This package includes:

PILOT CARTRIDGE—(love those cartridges; little fingers can't destroy them)

STUDENT PILOT—a cleverly illustrated learner's manual for the new programmer.

PILOT PRIMER—an instruction manual for the experienced programmer.

DEMONSTRATION TAPES—two cassettes showing language, color, graphics, and sound.

POCKET CHART—presents all commands in an easy-to-use format.

I like Atari's version of PILOT. There are still a few rough spots; not all syntax errors are caught, the manuals do not include indices, several commands are not explained in the manual, and a few typographical errors remain to confuse you. In spite of these few "start-up" problems Atari PILOT meets its "primary design goals"; it is "consistent and easy to learn . . . it allows reasonable access to the Atari system capabilities, but not at the user's expense."

We intend to help you get the most from PILOT. Watch for programming tips, warnings, and more help. Address your questions to:

K.W. Harms c/o **ANTIC** 297 Missouri St. San Francisco, CA 94107



GTIA

Over the coming months you'll be hearing more and more about GTIA, the new television interface chip. It is designed to replace the CTIA chip in all ATARIs currently on the market. In fact if you purchased your machine after January 1982, chances are you already have the GTIA installed. The rest of us will probably get a chance to purchase it as an upgrade.

The GTIA provides three additional graphics modes. These modes are variations of the normal Graphics 8 mode you are probably familiar with. The difference is that each pixel is 2 color clocks wide and 1 scan line high. This gives an effective resolution of 80 horizontally and 192 vertically. This is an unusual pixel size, wide and flat. The "pixel" or picture element is the smallest dot that can be manipulated on your television screen. The pixel size varies depending on the graphics mode chosen.

The three new modes are known as modes 9, 10 and 11.

Graphics 9 allows 16 different luminances of the same hue (color).

Graphics 10 allows 9 different colors and independent luminances.

Graphics 11 allows 16 different colors and one luminance.

The additional colors available with GTIA will make some interesting effects possible. We plan to fully explore this new graphics enhancement in future issues.

RESOURCES

For intermediate and advanced users the following references are recommended. These manuals are available from:

Customer Support
Attn: Julie Naughton
Atari Inc.
1312 Crossman Ave.
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
or phone 800-672-1430 in CA
800-538-8547 outside CA

Technical User's Notes

CO16555

This is an indispensible reference.

\$29.95

CA residents add 6.5% tax

Outside CA add \$3.50 shipping charge

ATARI 400/800 Operating System Source Listing

CO17893

Listing of 10K ROM excluding floating point routines.

\$19.95

CA residents add 6.5% tax Outside CA add \$3.50 shipping Announcing

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203-661-8799

TAPE TOPICS

HELP FOR CASSETTE OWNERS

by Gary Phillips

The ATARI 400 or 800 with a cassette recorder is more useful than most users are aware. Many ATARI disk users have ignored the cassette unit as a cumbersome device at best. If your programming technique does not exploit the strengths and circumvent the weaknesses inherent in a cassette-only system then it is very cumbersome. When used with operating techniques like those we will be discussing in this department the cassette unit is a cost effective storage medium.

A TAPE OPERATING SYSTEM APPROACH

In the 1960s, large companies effectively used tape only systems for program and data storage and retrieval. A methodology called a Tape Operating System (TOS) was developed to simplify the programmers interaction with these devices.

A TOS was there to provide users with the ability to easily load, save, merge, and read or write program files to tape. With a few simple techniques these functions can be combined into a simple ATARI TOS.

The basic procedure described for the program recorder in the Atari documentation is to use one side of a cassette tape per program. This uses lots of tape and is slow and clumsy. Putting multiple programs on one tape by skipping forward to specific numbers on the tape counter seems to introduce as many problems as it solves.

A MULTI-PROGRAM "TAPE LOAD"

The key to more efficient use of the cassette lies with ability to merge two programs into one "tape load." This is done by numbering the two programs into different ranges of BASIC statement numbers, then merging them using the ENTER "C" command. Now a CSAVE will save the two programs together, and the next CLOAD will load both programs. Merging in a third and fourth program is done using the same method. Even a 16K ATARI will easily hold a dozen or more small-to-medium sized BASIC programs.

A MENU TO FIND PROGRAMS

One problem with having a number of different programs in memory at the same time is how to find and run the one you want. A simple solution to this problem is to include a "menu" program in the "tape load". The menu program contains the name and starting line number of each program in data statements. It displays a numbered list of programs on the screen, saving the starting numbers in an array by program number. It then invites the user to key in the number of the selected program. This number (REPLY in the sample listing) is used in the GOTO to go to the desired starting line number from the array of numbers. Menu numbers not in use are directed back to the menu by the starting line number of zero.

The menu system becomes a closed loop if every program in the tape load ends with a GOTO to the menu. I like to do this by ending all of the programs in a tape load with GOTO 0, and adding a line 0 GOTO 15000, if 15000 is the starting line number of the menu. This has two properties. A simple RUN will always display the menu. A program can be developed with easy-to-type low line numbers without interfering with the menu set-up.

MAKING MULTI-PROGRAM TAPE LOADS

This whole approach assumes you have a way to renumber BASIC programs. You can keep a renumbering program as part of all your tape loads, if you've got plenty of memory. Or, keep one in LIST "C" format on tape so you can write a new program on a tape by itself with LIST "C", specifying the line numbers the program uses, then clear memory with NEW, reload the program with ENTER "C", then merge in the renumbering program with ENTER "C". Once the new program is renumbered, resave it with LIST, load (CLOAD) the tape load you want it in and merge it in with ENTER "C". Now just put the name and starting line number in the list of data statements and you're in business.

continued

MULTI-PROGRAM TAPE LOADS, A FEW PROBLEMS

This technique will make life simpler but a few problems remain. Programs will be executed one after the other without an intervening END statement. This will lead to errors from multiple DIMENSION statements unless each program module begins with a CLR. Since BASIC considers all of the programs in the tape load as one continuous program the pointer to the current DATA statement is apt to get confused. This is remedied by including a RESTORE statement at the beginning of every program module. Another problem is that the same variable names may be reused in the separate program modules of a tape load. This will cause errors if the programs assume variables are set to zero or blank. This is corrected by initializing variables at the start of every module. Reusing variable names is useful to reduce program size. Remember there are only 128 available and it's often necessary to reuse names.

A more insidious problem occurs when a statement number is mistyped. This may omit the line from the program module you meant to change and clobber the line in another module. You can protect yourself against this by using separate working tapes for each program module and merging the working tapes to create a final tape load.

IN THE FUTURE

In future TAPE TOPICS we will discuss faster load techniques (600 baud too slow, how about 1200 or 2400 baud). We'll try to shorten the 20 second tape leader to just a couple of seconds. We will try to serve as a clearing house for tape problems and what to do about them. If you have questions, problems or suggestions send them to me c/o **ANTIC**.

See you tape users again in June!

Sample listing

0 GOTO	15000
15000	REM CODE TO SELECT A PROGRAM FROM
	REM A MULTI-PROGRAM TAPE LOAD
15010	CLR :DIM SNA(15):DIM NAME\$(25)
15020 1	RESTORE (710):REM RESET DATA STMT
15035	PRINT " "
15040	PRINT "NO. STMT # PROGRAM NAME"
	FOR N=1 TO 8
15060	READ NAME\$,STMTNO
	SNA(N)=STMTNO
15080	TOTAL TOTAL SECTION STREET
15090	MEXT N
	PRINT "NO. OF DESIRED PROGRAM"
	PRINT "OR 0 TO EXIT TO 'READY'"
	TRAP 15120: INPUT REPLY
	IF REPLY(1 THEN END
	IF REPLY>8 THEN 15000
	GOTO SNA(REPLY)
	DATA SAMPLE PROGRAM A,18000
	DATA SAMPLE PROGRAM B.19000
15180	DATA SAMPLE PROGRAM C,20000
	DATA NOT DEFINED.15000
15200	DATA NOT DEFINED,15000
	DATA NOT DEFINED,15000
	DATA NOT DEFINED,15000
	DATA NOT DEFINED,15000
15240	DATA NOT DEFINED,15000
	REM SAMPLE PROGRAM A
	PRINT "SAMPLE PROGRAM A RUNNING"
	GOTO Ø:REM RETURN TO MENU
19000	REM SAMPLE PROGRAM B
	PRINT "SAMPLE PROGRAM B RUNNING"
	GOTO 0: REM RETURN TO MENU
	REM SAMPLE PROGRAM C
20010	
20020	GOTO 0:REM RETURN TO MENU

MEMORY MAP continued from page 11

97 \$61 2 NEWCOL	Column draw command uses.
99 \$63 1 LOGCOL	Points at column in logical line. A logical line can contain up to 3 physical
	lines. This variable is used by display handler.
100 \$64 2 ADRESS	Temporary storage holds contents of SAVMSC [\$58]. and SAVMSC+1
	[\$59].??
102 \$66 2 MLTTMP	OPNTMP first byte used in open as temp.??
104 \$68 2 SAVADR	???
106 \$6A 1 RAMTOP	RAM size defined by power on logic.
107 \$6B 1 BUFCNT	Screen editor current logical line size.
108 \$6C 2 BUFSTR	Editor low byte???
110 \$6E 1 BITMSK	???
111 \$6F 1 SHFAMT	Pixel justification???
112 \$70 2 ROWAC	Accumulator control row point plotting and increment and decrement
	functions???
114 \$72 2 COLAC	Controls column point plotting.

MEMORY MAP (Page 0) to be continued in next issue.

SOFTWARE REVIEWS

Eastern House Software 3239 Linda Drive Winston-Salem, N.C. 27106 \$49.95 from dealer or direct from publisher Monkey Wrench (TM) Santa Cruz Educational Software 5425 Jigger Dr. Soquel, Ca. 95073 Tricky Tutorials (TM)

At last someone has put the right slot of the 800 to good use. This ROM-based product is designed to be installed in the right-hand slot of the 800 and used in conjunction with BASIC.

This product will provide the BASIC programmer with nine new commands: (A) auto line numbering, (D) delete range of lines, (M) change margins, (T) memory test, (R) renumber, (E) cursor movement without control key, (\$) hex conversion, (#) decimal conversion, and a machine language monitor providing another 15 commands.

The BASIC commands must be used in immediate mode and must be preceded by the > prompt. The > symbol must appear in column one followed immediately by the command letter. Any necessary parameters are separated by a space.

The Machine Language Monitor is entered by the * command. The MLM prompt is a period (.). The 15 MLM commands are; (M) display memory range, (I) interrogate memory (similar to M but also displays ASCII equivalents), (R) display all 6502 register contents, (:) alter memory, (;) alter 6502 registers, (G) goto address and execute code, (X) exit MLM and return to DOS, (S) save memory to cassette, (L) load memory from cassette, (H') hunt for ASCII string, (H) hunt for hex string, (D) disassemble memory, (,) alter disassembled code, (B) calculate branch, and (A) enter ATARI DOS. Three normal MONKEY WRENCH commands are available; E, #, and \$.

As good as this product is there are a couple of caveats. First, the cartridge uses address space hex 8000 to hex 9FFF. This will reduce your 48K machine to 32K, 8K used by the BASIC cartridge and 8K used by Monkey Wrench. Second, this product uses part of page 6 for variable storage which is sure to cause some conflict. One other important point is that care is needed when inserting the cartridge, it's very easy to put it in backwards. This is probably my only real critism since it would have been very easy to mark "front" on the circuit board.

I must give this product high marks. It is extremely useful, the little manual is excellent, and they've provided a second ROM socket for expansion. If you are a heavy BASIC user I recommend it. (Jim)

These programs shine a much needed light inside the ATARI. If you've had your hands on the O.S./Hardware manual, the one that costs 30 dollars and is guaranteed to keep you up nights, then you know we need better instruction. If you've looked with envy at the animation in Missile Command (TM), the smooth scrolling graphics window in Crawford's Eastern Front and the mixed text modes in File Manager (TM) 800, then look again at these tutorials. They make these techniques more accessible. There is a caveat, these programs are meant to instruct with the full attention and motivation of the user. If you're content to just watch, go to a movie, if you want to learn about the working internals of your ATARI and use the special features to design professional programs then load a TRICKY TUTORIAL (TM). It's almost impossible to use these products without getting some new insights. Each program is designed to give you immediate feedback using the most powerful tool at hand, your graphics display. The computer is used to provide the answer to your "I wonder what will happen when . . ." questions. Should you purchase these products be prepared to get involved, it's the only

There are currently six TRICKY TUTORIALS; 1) Display list, 2) Scrolling, 3) Page flipping, 4) Animation, 5) Player-Missiles, 6) Sound and Music.

Programs may be purchased individually or in a package of six. The six-pack comes in a nicely produced three-ring binder. All programs are available on tape and disk. All require 16K for cassette and 24K for the disk versions. The exception is the tutorial on Player-Missiles, #5, requiring 32K and costing \$29.95. This was not available at the time this review was written.

I recommend these products; the price is right; the information necessary, and the value received high. (Jim)

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MASTER MEMORY MAP(tm) — This is really the key to using the ATARI'S capabilities. We start out by explaining how to PEEK and POKE values into memory so that even new programmers can use this. Then we give you over 15 pages of the memory locations that are the most useful. The information is condensed from both the ATARI'S Operating System Manual and various articles and programs. It is, of course, useful even for experienced programmers as a reference. Also, we highly suggest that dealers offer this Memory Map to customers who request to be told how to use the power of the machine. We guarantee it will answer many of the questions you have about the machine

\$6,95

TRICKY TUTORIALS(tm)

#1: DISPLAY LISTS - This program teaches you how to alter the program in the ATARI that controls the format of the screen. For example: when you say graphics 8 the machine responds with a large graphics 8 area at the top of the screen and a small text area at the bottom. Now, you will be able to mix the various modes on the screen at the same time. Just think how nice your programs could look with a mix of large and small text, and both high and low resolution graphics, this program has many examples plus does all of the difficult caluculations!

#2: HORIZONTAL/VERITCAL SCROLLING - The information you put on the screen, either graphics or text, can be moved up, down or sideways. This can make some nice effects. You could move only the text on the bottom half of the screen or perhaps create à map and then move smoothly over it by using the joystick

#3: PAGE FLIPPING - Normally you have to redraw the screen every time you change the picture or text. Now you can learn how to have the computer draw the next page you want to see while you are still looking at the previous page. then flip to it instantly. You won't see it being drawn, so a complicated picture can seem to just appear. Depending on your memory size and how complicated the picture, you could flip between many pages, thus allowing animation or other special effects with your text

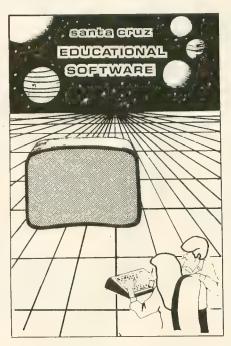
#4: BASICS OF ANIMATION — Shows you how to animate simple shapes using the PRINT and PLOT commands, and also has nice little PLAYER/MISSILE Graphics demo to learn. This would be an excellent way to start making your programs come alive on the screen. Recommended for new owners

#5 PLAYER MISSILE GRAPHICS - This complex subject is demonstrated by starting with simple examples, and building up to a complete game and also an animated business chart on multiple pages! As always, the computer does most of the calculations. Requires 32K disk or tape and costs \$29.95

#6: SOUND — From explaining how to create single notes. to demonstrating complex four channel sound effects, this newest tutorial is great. Even those experienced with ATARI's sound capabilities will find the menu of sound ef-Educational fects a needed reference that can be used whenever you are in the need of a special sound for your programs. Everyone will learn something new! Written by Jerry

Tricky Tutorials (except #5) require 16K memory for cassette orders and 24K for disk. The price is \$19.95 each. You may order 1,2,3, & 4 for \$64.95.All six in a colorful binder cost \$99.95.

THE GRAPHICS MACHINE!! - Turn your computer into an incredible graphics tool with advanced commands like circle. box, fill, polygon, line, help, etc. 3 colors in graphics 8 with instant text¹¹¹ Create colorful business charts or beautiful drawings and then save or retrieve them from disk in 5 SECONDS. YES, it's that fast. Needs all 48K. disk, and costs \$19.95



MINI-WORD PROCESSOR - This is for those of you who have a printer, but don't want to spend \$100 or more for a fancy word processor. It is suitable for simple editing of text, accepts most control characters for your printer, and text is stored on disk for easy retrieval. Holds 21/2 typed pages at a time. Requires 32K, disk or tape. \$19.95

BOB'S BUSINESS - 14 small business type programs for home or office, all chosen from a nice menu. Supports printed output. 169 sectors of output require 16K tape, or 32K disk \$14.95

KID'S #1 - Includes the following. 1) TREASURE search for the lost treasure while trying to keep from falling into the sea. Nice graphics if you find it!; 2)DIALOGUE talk back to the computer about four subjects: 3) MATH QUIZ - Nice musical and graphical rewards for good scores Parents input the level of difficulty

Tutorials *

Santa Cruz Educational Software

* Tricky Tutorials * Santa

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Software

KID'S #2 - A spelling quiz, a "scrabble" type game, and a version of Touch with the computer giving all the directions! Both Kid's programs require 16K tape or 24K disk and cost \$14.95 each

MINI-DATABASE/DIALER - This unique new program stores and edits up to 8 lines of information such as name. address, and phone numbers, or messages, inventories or anything you want. It has the usual sort, search, and print options, but it also has an unusual feature: If your files include phone numbers and you have a touch-tone phone. the program will DIAL THE PHONE NUMBERS FOR YOU! This is perfect for those who make a lot of calls like salesmen, teens, or those trying to get through to busy numbers (acts as an auto-redialer). It is also a lot of fun to use Requires 16K cassette or 24K disk and costs \$24.95

FONETONE — For those who only want to store name and phone numbers and have the dialer feature as above, we offer this reduced version. Same memory requirements, but only costs \$14.95. Don't forget you must have a touch-

PLAYER PIANO — Turns your keyboard into a mini-piano and more. Multiple menu options provide the ability to create your own songs, save or load data files using cassette or diskette, fix or change any of up to 400 notes in memory, and play all or part of a song. The screen displays the keyboard and indicates each key as it is played from a data file or the notes you type. You don't have to be a musician to enjoy this educational and entertaining program Requires 24K cassette or 32K disk. \$14.95

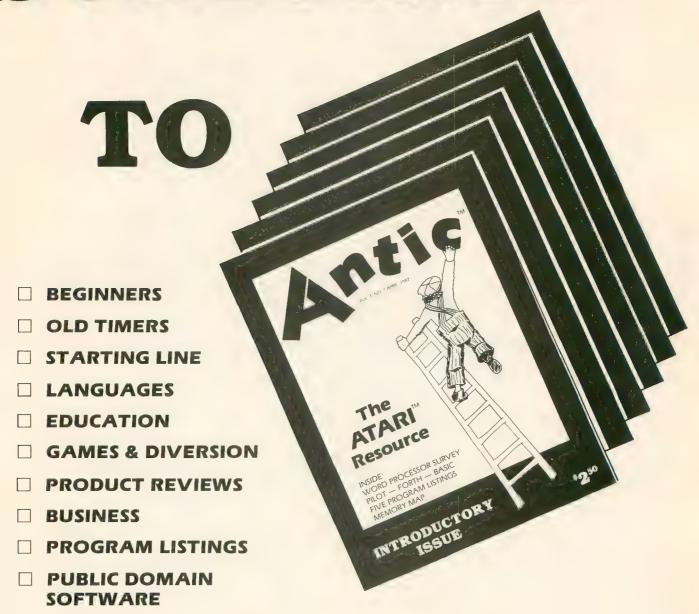
BOWLERS DATABASE - Provides the league bowler with the ability to record and retrieve bowling scores providing permanent records. The data may then be analyzed by the program and displayed or printed in summary or detail form. Data may be stored on cassette or diskette and updated quickly and efficiently. The program proivdes such information as highest and lowest scores by individual game, (first, second, and third games throughout the season), high and low series, current average, and more. The program listing and documentation provided are a tutorial on ATARI basic and record keeeping Requires 16K for cassette or 24K for disk. \$14.95

By the time you read this all computers (400/800) being produced should have the fabled GTIA chips included. ATARI service may upgrade older computers...call and ask (it's easy to do yourself). We have one and the improvements that graphics modes 9.10, and 11 offer are great!! To help you figure out what to do with the new modes a new Tricky Tutorial will be offered in March on Modes 9 to 11. Either give us a call or write around that-

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CHICKEN—A GREAT GAME

Why did the chicken cross the road?

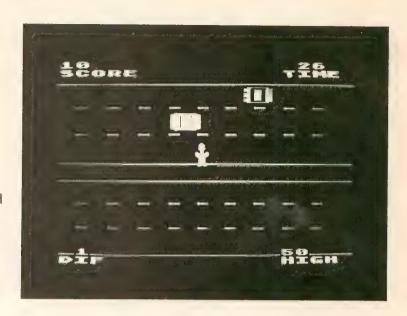
To lay an egg.

Actually, our chicken is trying to score points by getting safely across this busy highway. Each time he makes it adds to his score, but the cars go faster and faster. If he gets hit, the SPCA sends an ambulance and the cops slow the traffic down for a while.

This clever game can be yours for the copying, courtesy of Stan Ockers, who wrote it in BASIC and Assembly language and Mike Dunn, editor of ACE Newsletter (Eugene, Oregon), who printed it first, and gave us permission to pass it on to you.

The game is "in the public domain," meaning you can do anything you want with it except sell it.

We intend to bring you entertaining and useful programs that are in the public domain as a regular feature of our magazine.



```
O REM **ACE NEWSLETTER 3662 VINE MAPLE DRIVE EUGENE, OR 97450**
1 REM **FEB 1982 ISSUE** $10 YEAR**
2 REM *************
4 REM ** CHICKEN **
6 REM ** S.O. 12-81 **
8 REM *************
10 OPEN #1,4,0,"K:":DIM L$(20),S$(20),C$(20)
15 ? "INITIALIZING ..."
20 REM ** PAGE 6 ROUTINES AND DATA **
40 FOR I=1536 TO 1587:READ A:POKE I,A:NEXT I
41 REM ** VERTICAL BLANK ROUTINE **
42 DIM VB$(210):FOR I=1 TO 210:READ A:VB$(I)=CHR$(A):NEXT I
43 REM ** LOAD PLAYER ROUTINE **
45 DIM LD$(73):FOR I=1 TO 73:READ A:LD$(I)=CHR$(A):NEXT I
47 REM ** INSERT ADDRESS OF ROUT, IN PAGE 6 **
48 A=ADR(VB$):B=INT(A/256):POKE 1540,B:POKE 1538,A-256*B
50 DATA 104,160,52,162,6,169,7,76,92,228,104,160,98,162,228,169,7,76,92,228
52 DATA 120,120,120,120,30,57,81,105,15,15,15,15,0,0,0,0,52,53,54,55,2,2,3,4,12,0,0,0,15,11,11,11
54 REM ** LINE 56 - CHANGE 24 TO 56 TO SKIP ORTHO. **
55 REM ** LINE 56 - CHANGE 28 TO 34 FOR CONT. MOV. **
56 DATA 72,138,72,152,72,162,0,189,120,2,29,44,6,160,15,24,176,32,201,15,240,28,201,14,208,2,160,13,201,13
57 DATA 208,2,160,14,201,11,208,2,160,7,201,7,208,2,160,11,192,15,240,6,61,48,6,157,28,6,152,61,44,6,157,44,6
58 DATA 232,224,4,144,195
60 DATA 162,0,189,32,6,133,203,189,36,6,133,204,189,40,6,133,209,198,209,16,7,232,224,4
65 DATA 144,232,176,91,189,28,6,133,207
70 DATA 70,207,176,26,188,24,6,192,1,240,19,208,1,200,177
75 DATA 203,240,6,136,145,203,200,208,245,136,145,203,222,24,6,70,207,176,29,188,24,6,200,192,254,176,21
80 DATA 177,203,208,247,136,177,203,240,6,200,145,203,136,208,245,200,145,203,254,24,6,70,207,176,3,222,20
85 DATA 6,70,207,176,3,254,20,6,189,20,6,157,0,208
90 DATA 24,144,154,162,4,189,11,208,240,5,169,0,157,39,6,202,208,243,104,168,104,170,104,76,98,228
100 DATA 234, 234, 234, 104, 104, 104, 170, 189, 32, 6, 133, 186, 189, 36, 6, 133, 187, 104, 133, 213, 104, 133, 212
110 DATA 189, 24, 6, 133, 195, 169, 0, 168, 192, 255, 176, 35, 196, 195, 240, 5, 145, 186, 200, 208, 243, 162, 0, 161,
212, 240, 11
120 DATA 145, 186, 230, 212, 200, 192, 255, 176, 11, 208, 241, 169, 0, 145, 186, 200, 192, 255, 144, 249, 96, 234, 23
150 REM ** CAR COLOR DATA **
160 FOR I=1 TO 20:READ A:C$(I)=CHR$(A):NEXT I
170 DATA 24,60,218,68,90,186,70,150,54,232,74,168,88,154,21,252,200,76,228,28
190 REM ** DEFINE PM AREA - SINGLE LINE RESOL. **
200 A=PEEK(106)-16:POKE 54279,A:PM=256*A
205 REM ** PLAYER MISSILE POINTERS **
210 FOR I=4 TO 7:POKE 1568+I,A+I:NEXT I
                                                                                     continued on next page
```

```
212 FOR I=1568 TO 1571:POKE I,0:NEXT I
218 REM ** DATA FOR PLAYER IMAGES **
220 FOR I=PM TO PM+121:READ A:POKE I,A:NEXT I
230 DATA 16,56,16,56,40,16,16,16,146,254,254,124,56,56,40,40,40,40,40,108,0
232 DATA 126,195,219,219,91,219,219,219,219,91,219,219,195,126,0
234 DATA 126,195,219,219,218,219,219,219,219,218,219,219,195,126,0
236 DATA 33,34,150,84,57,30,60,123,159,30,52,86,151,36,194,193,0
238 DATA 16,56,16,56,40,16,16,56,124,254,186,56,56,40,40,40,44,32,96,0
240 DATA 16,56,16,56,40,16,16,146,214,124,56,56,40,40,40,104,8,12,0
242 DATA 126,255,173,173,239,199,199,199,199,239,173,173,255,126,0
270 REM ** INIT. HORIZ. AND VERT. POS. **
280 RESTORE 282:FOR I=1556 TO 1563:READ A:POKE I,A:NEXT I
282 DATA 120,120,120,120,30,57,81,105
288 REM ** INIT COLORS **
290 DIF=3;BONUS=300;POKE 704,40;CP=0;FOR I=1 TO 3;POKE 704+I,ASC(C$(CP+I));NEXT I;CP=3;BPOS=5
295 REM ** DRAW ROADS - SET PRIORITY **
300 GRAPHICS 17:FOR I=1 TO 20:L$(I)="_":NEXT I
305 FOR I=2 TO 20 STEP 2;S$(I)="-";S$(I-1)=" ";NEXT I
310 POSITION 0,2:? #6;L$:POSITION 0,11:? #6;L$:POSITION 0,13:? #6;L$:POSITION 0,22:? #6;L$
312 POSITION 0,5:? #6;$$:POSITION 0,8:? #6;$$:POSITION 0,16:? #6;$$:POSITION 0,19:? #6;$$:POKE 710,90
340 REM ** INIT. AND PRINT INFO. - RESET TIMER **
350 SCORE=50:POSITION 0,1:? #6;"score
                                           time ":POSITION 0,23:? #6;"dif
                                                                               high ";
360 POSITION 0,01? #6;SCORE:POSITION 15,22;? #6;HIGH:POKE 77,0:POKE 19,0:POKE 20,0
365 REM ** INIT, PM GR, - FLAGS **
370 POKE 559,62:POKE 53277,3:I1=68:I2=88:FL=I1
375 REM ** LOAD PLAYERS - SET COLORS - PLAYER SIZES **
380 LD=ADR(LD$);A=USR(LD,0,PM);A=USR(LD,1,PM+21);A=USR(LD,2,PM+21);A=USR(LD,3,PM+21)
385 A=USR(1536):REM * INSERT VBI ROUTINE
390 POKE 53257,1:POKE 53258,1:POKE 53259,1:POKE 623,1
393 REM ** INIT. SPEEDS **
395 POKE 1576,2:FOR I=1577 TO 1579:POKE I,RND(0)*DIF+1:NEXT I
398 POSITION 1,22;? #6;DIF
400 REM ** IF CARS OFF SCREEN, CHANGE LANES **
410 IF PEEK(1557)(15 AND PEEK(1561)=57 THEN POKE 1561,193;A=USR(LD,1,PM+36);POKE 1585,7;GOSUB 1000;P
OKE 705,C
420 IF PEEK(1557)>240 AND PEEK(1561)=193 THEN POKE 1561,57:A=USR(LD,1,PM+21):POKE 1585,11:GOSUB 100
0:POKE 705,C
430 IF PEEK(1558)<15 AND PEEK(1562)=81 THEN POKE 1562,169;A=USR(LD,2,PM+36);POKE 1586,7;GOSUB 1000;P
440 IF PEEK(1558)>240 AND PEEK(1562)=169 THEN POKE 1562,81:A=USR(LD,2,PM+21):POKE 1586,11:GOSUB 100
0:POKE 706,C
450 IF PEEK(1559)<15 AND PEEK(1563)=105 THEN POKE 1563,145;A=USR(LD,3,PM+36);POKE 1587,7;GOSUB 1000
:POKE 707,C
460 IF PEEK(1559)>240 AND PEEK(1563)=145 THEN POKE 1563,105;A=USR(LD,3,PM+21);POKE 1587,11;GOSUB 10
00:POKE 707,C
465 REM ** PRINT TIME - CK. FOR TIME UP **
470 TIME=30-PEEK(19):POSITION 16,0:? #6;TIME;" ":IF TIME<=0 THEN 910
472 REM ** RESET SOU. - HORN ROUT. **
473 SOUND 0,0,0,0
475 IF RND(0)>0.5 THEN SOUND 1,0,0,0
480 IF RND(0)<0.05 THEN SOUND 1,7,12,10
482 REM ** CHICKEN STOMP **
485 P=PEEK(1564):IF P>15 OR P<13 THEN 500
490 IF P=15 THEN A=USR(LD,0,PM):GOTO 500
492 IF FL=I1 THEN FL=I2:SOUND 0,16,6,8:GOTO 496
494 IF FL=I2 THEN FL=I1:SOUND 0,22,6,8
495 REM ** CK, FOR REACHING BOTTOM **
496 A=USR(LD,0,PM+FL)
500 IF PEEK(1560)>230 THEN 810
505 REM ** CK. FOR COLLISION **
510 IF PEEK(53260)=0 THEN 410
515 REM ** SPLAT **
520 A=USR(LD,0,PM+51)!FOR J=1 TO 3!SOUND 0,RND(0)*255,8,8!SOUND 1,RND(0)*255,8,8
525 POKE 704, PEEK (704) +8: FOR I=1 TO 30: NEXT I: NEXT J: SOUND 0,0,0,0: SOUND 1,0,0,0: POKE 704,40
527 REM ** DECREASE SCORE - CK FOR 0 **
530 SCORE=SCORE-20:POSITION 0,0:? #6;SCORE;" ":IF SCORE<=0 THEN 702
533 REM ** MOVE UP - RELOAD BIRD - RESET COLL. **
535 POKE 1560, PEEK (1560) - 24; A=USR(LD, 0, PM); IF DIF>1 THEN DIF=DIF-1
590 POKE 53278,0:GOTO 395
700 REM ** SCORE = ZERO **
702 POSITION 3,2:? #6;"CHICKEN'S DEAD"
```

CHICKEN

continued from page 20

704 REM ** AMBULANCE **

705 C=1

706 IF PEEK(1576+C)=0 THEN C=C+1:GOTO 706

707 IF C>3 THEN C=1

713 POKE 1576+C,1:POKE 1560+C,PEEK(1560):POKE 1556+C,220;A=USR(LD,C,PM+107)

715 FOR J=1 TO 6:FOR P=60 TO 40 STEP -2:SOUND 0,P,10,8:FOR I=1 TO 6:NEXT I

716 NEXT P:FOR P=40 TO 60 STEP 2:SOUND 0,P,10,8:FOR I=1 TO 6:NEXT I:NEXT P:NEXT J:SOUND 0,0,0,0

718 REM ** NEW HIGH SCORE? **

720 A=USR(1546):IF SCORE>HIGH THEN HIGH=SCORE:POSITION 15,22;? #6;HIGH

730 POSITION 2,6:? #6;"press FIRE button":POSITION 4,7:? #6;"to play again"

732 FOR I=53248 TO 53251:POKE I,0:NEXT I:SOUND 0,0,0,0:SOUND 1,0,0,0

735 REM ** WAIT FOR BUTTON **

740 IF STRIG(0)=1 THEN 740

745 REM ** PM GRAPHICS OFF **

750 POKE 53278,0:POKE 53277,0:A=USR(1546):GOTO 280

800 REM ** BK TO TOP - STOP MOVEMENT OF BIRD **

810 POKE 1560,30:A=USR(LD,0,PM):POKE 1576,0

815 REM ** SIGNAL AND INCREMENT SCORE **

820 FOR I=1 TO 5:FOR J=10 TO 5 STEP -1:SOUND 0,J,14,8:SOUND 1,J,2,8:NEXT J:SOUND 0,0,0,0:SOUND 1,0,0,0

825 A=USR(LD,0,PM+68):FOR J=1 TO RND(0)*30:NEXT J:A=USR(LD,0,PM+88)

830 SCORE=SCORE+DIF*2:POSITION 0,0:? #6;SCORE;" ":NEXT I

840 IF DIF<9 THEN DIF=DIF+1

841 REM ** CK FOR BONUS **

842 IF SCORECHONUS THEN 850

844 SOUND 0,25,10,10;BONUS=BONUS+300;P=PEEK(19);IF P<11 THEN POKE 19,0;GOTO 848

846 POKE 19,P-10

848 POSITION BPOS,13:? #6;"*":BPOS=BPOS+1

850 GOTO 390

900 REM ** TIME'S UP ROUTINE **

910 POSITION 5,2:? #6;"TIME'S UP"

920 GOTO 720

990 REM ** CHANGE CAR COLOR SUB.**

1000 CP=CP+1:IF CP=20 THEN CP=1

1010 C=ASC(C\$(CP)):RETURN



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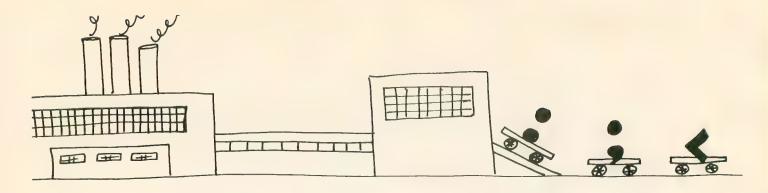
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FORTH FACTORY

by Bob Gonsalves

In this premier issue of **ANTIC** I would like to introduce a facility I believe many programmers using the Atari 800/400 will find very useful. The tiny MULTI-TASKING kernel described here allows one to easily create machine language routines that run as part of the vertical blanking interrupt servicing routines. These routines may perform such diverse tasks as moving a player/missile image, blinking the cursor, fine scrolling of the bit map, and various musical applications.

The run-time kernel of the multi-tasking system is contained on screen 36 and 37. There are three variables that are accessed by the routine. TASK# indicates which of several tasks will execute during the current vertical blanking interval. It is used to index into a table, called TASK-TABLE. The table is 16 bytes long, and holds the entry points for up to 8 separate machine code tasks. TASK# indicates which of these entries is to be executed; the entry point address is transferred from the indexed location in the task table, to JUMPER and an indirect jump is made through JUMPER.

The routines of scr#37 perform the necessary run-time operations. The master vblank routine is called NEW-VBLANK. It in turn calls two other routines. The first, WHOSE-TURN, uses the value of TASK# to find the appropriate slot in the task table, which contains the address of a subroutine. Notice that if the most significant byte of the entry in the table is set to 0, we can assume that the slot really does not contain a valid address. Otherwise, the entry point address held at that slot is transferred to JUMPER and we vector through JUMPER to the actual subroutine that we want to execute.

When we return from that subroutine, we next execute NEXT-TASK, which simply bumps TASK# by 1, rolling over to 0 if it is greater than three. We then leave the NEW-VBLANK routine by jumping to the code in the Atari Operating System that updates various hardware registers from their shadow registers.

Screen 35 establishes the equates for interfacing with the OS. SET-VBLANKD provides the linkage between Forth and Atari supplied routine for changing the vertical blanking vectors and countdown timers. To install a new vertical blanking vector, you simply push the new routine address onto the stack before call SET-VBLANKD.

Screens 38 and 39 provide us with a means of adding and deleting entries from the task-table. The routines MTOFF and MTON disable and enable the multi-tasking respectively, by changing the deferred vertical blanking vector, using our SET-VBLANKD routine. SNEAK is a way of ensuring that operations that change some variable read by the multi-tasking do so only when the multi-tasking is disabled. SCAN-TASKS is used to find an entry in the task table. It can be used to either find an available slot (an entry in the table = 0) or to find the slot holding the address of a task routine. INSTALL and REMOVE will perform these actions for us. They can be used in the form

INSTALL BLINK (for example) or REMOVE BLINK

where BLINK is one of the tasks we have defined.

TASK: and ;TASK are defining type words which will allow us to create machine code routines, which are subsequently installed in the task table. An important feature of the compilation security of these words is that the routines are not installed into the task table if some sort of structural error was generated by assembling them.

Finally, we can show some screens, that, when compiled, will install some tasks into the multi-tasking system. Once this is done, the routines operate independently of what you are doing as you program in the high level language. They have been integrated into the interrupt structure of the Atari Operating System. Screen 41 provides a task which will period-

continued on page 24



FORTH FACTORY continued from page 22

ically blink the cursor. Once installed, you can vary the rate of blinking by writing a value to variable RATE.

Screens 42 & 43 show another amusing background task. Here we monitor the keyboard hardware register (address D209 hex). If the value there is different from the value contained at OLD.KEY, then we change the variable SOUNDING to indicate that we want to make noise. The current key value then becomes the OLD.KEY value. The key value is also stored to the channel 1 audio frequency register. The next time the routine executes, we store a value, derived from the envelope table, into the channel 1 audio control register. The index variable INTO is decremented by 1 each time, until it is less than 0 (we've loaded the last value from the envelope). At this point SOUNDING is set to 0 and we resume checking the hardware register.

Other routines that various people have designed for BASIC could be integrated into this system. These would include the joystick controlled text cursor, and using some keys (space bar, Start key, etc) to temporarily halt program execution. Those who are contemplating purchasing the Forth system produced by Pink Noise Studios might be interested to know that a complete player graphics system is supported using this multi-tasking system to refresh the player images.

Should you have any questions regarding this column or pns fig FORTH—address them to me in care of **ANTIC.**

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```
( 39 new-vblank process
                                        )
dacimal.
: TASK:
        create [compile] assembler
  assembler mem ( switches now
  here ( save pfa )
  0 scan-tasks ( find entry in table )
  !csp
  mtoff
: ;TASK current @ context !
  ?csp
        ( everything secure )
     ( store pfa into table entry )
  mton ; ( do multi-tasking )
: INSTALL
  [compile] / 0 scan-tasks
         ; ( the change into table )
         [compile] / scan-tasks
: REMOVE
  O swap sneak ; ( delete by nulling )
( 41 trying a blinking task
hex
O variable time-left
O variable rate
O variable blank-state
d401 constant chactl
                      ( char control )
 task: blink
 time-left
           1da. 0=
  if, blank-state lda, 0= NOT
      if, 0 # 1da,
      else, 1 # lda,
      then,
     chactl sta, blank-state sta,
     rate lda, time-left sta,
  else, time-left dec,
  then, rts,
 1task
( 42 sound handler example
 hex
label envelope
a0 c, a1 c, a2 c, 00 c, a5 c, a6 c,
a8 c, 00 c, ab c, ac c, 00 c, af c,
c variable into
O variable sounding
0 variable old•key
 decimal
( 43 sound handler example
 hex
0 voice
 task: key.noise
  sounding 1da, 0= not
     if, into ldx,
         envelope ,x lda, audo sta,
         volume sta,
         dex, 0<
        if, 0 # lda, sounding sta,
         c # ldx, then, into stx,
     else, d209 lda, old.key cmp, 0= not
      if, audf sta, old.key sta,
          1 # lda, sounding sta,
      then,
     then, rts,
 ;task
 decimal
```

SUBSCRIBE TO ANTIC

See page 18

NOW ON CASSE

FORTH FACTORY continued

```
( 35 new vblank vectors
                                        )
 HEX
e45c
     constant SETVBV
e460
     constant VBLANKI
e463 constant VBLANKX
224 @ constant VBLANKD ( OS dependant )
code Set-Vblankd ( addr is on stack )
  pha, tya, pha, xsave stx,
  bot 1da, pha, ( IS ON STACK )
  bot 1+ lda, tax, pla, tay,
  7 # lda, setvbv jsr,
  pla, tay, pla, xsave ldx,
  pop jmp,
end-code
 decimal
( the 7 # lda, would be changed to 6 )
( for the immediate vblankd vector)
( and to 1-5 for timers 1-5 )
( 36 setting up task table
00 variable TASK#
00 variable JUMPER ( indirect jump )
 label TASK-TABLE
00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,
( 37 setting up task table
code WHOSE-TURN
   task# lda, .a asl, tax,
   task-table 1+ ,× 1da, 0= not
   if, jumper 1+ sta, ( install pointer)
       task-table ,x lda, jumper sta,
       jumper ) jmp,
  then, rts,
end-code
code NEXT-TASK clc, task# lda,
   1 # adc, 03 # and, task# sta, rts,
end-code
( 4 entries in table are checked )
code NEW-VBLANK
   whose-turn jsr,
   next-task jsr,
 vblankd
               jmp, end-code
decimal
( 38 new-vblank process
decimal
: SCAN-TASKS ( match val)
   -1 swap 32 0 ( flag for 0<)
   do i task-table + dup ( áddr in tabl)
    @ 3 pick = ( match to given val )
    if rot drop ( loose 0< flag)
       swap leave
    else drop ( addr or flag )
   2 +loop drop ( given val )
   dup 0< 44 ?error
( task table in lower 32K of memory !! )
 MTOFF vblankd set-vblankd
( disable and enable multi-tasking
 MTON
       ' new-vblank set-vblankd ;
 SNEAK mtoff ! mton ;
 synchronized storage
```

An essential book for beginner and intermediate Forth programmers is:

Starting Forth

by Leo Brodie Prentice-Hall \$15.95 softcover The FORTH language is commercially available for the ATARI from three sources.

1. Mountain View Press

P.O. Box 4656 Mountain View, CA 94040 Publishes "pns" Fig Forth

2. ATARI Program Exchange (APX)

P.O. Box 427 155 Moffett Park Drive Sunnyvale, CA 94086 Publishes Fig Forth

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6660 Reseda Blvd. Suite 105 Reseda, CA 91335 Publishes Fig Forth

If you want to find out what all the excitement is about get one of the Forth implementations listed above and this book. Oh, and read **FORTH FACTORY**. Bob Gonsalves writes this column for us and is the implementor of the version available from Mountain View Press. Watch for a comparison of these three products in a future issue.

COMPUTER Calligraphy?

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ASSEMBLER/EDITOR CARTRIDGE

TRICKS OF THE TRADE

by James Capparell

Do you often wonder how some of the incredible graphics were achieved in your favorite program. Looking at someone else's program is an excellent method of self-instruction. The problem is that often we only have the assembled (object) code in our possession. The L option of the A/E cartridge makes it possible to recreate source code from the object code. This is a useful feature. The catch is the inability to save the output of the L function to disk. Follow these simple instructions and you will be able to save the disassembled output to disk.

- Load the object code to be disassembled.
 Unnecessary if you are dealing with ROM code.
- 2. Note the first memory address (hex) where the disassembly process is to begin.
- 3. Enter the debug mode of A/E by typing BUG and pressing return.
- 4. Start the disassembly process at the hex address noted in step 2. Enter the L command followed by the hex address and press return. This command disassembles 20 lines of code and displays the results on your T.V. (IMPORTANT—Note the last address printed on your screen).
- 5. Move the cursor to first line on screen using control and arrow keys and insert 2 blank lines using the shift and insert keys.
- 6. Return to the Edit mode by typing X and pressing return. The screen will still display the disassembled output.
- 7. Again move the cursor to the first line on the screen and enter Auto line numbering mode by typing NUM, press return. This will cause the cursor to print out the number 10 if this is the first time the auto numbering command has been executed or the next number incremented by 10. It will also place the number and the cursor at the start of the first line of disassembled code.
- 8. Using the control and delete key delete all characters upto two spaces prior to the assembly language mnemonic. The two spaces are necessary to conform to A/E spacing requirements.
- 9. Press return to enter this line of code into the source file. This will also generate the next line number incremented by 10. The cursor will appear at the beginning of the next line.

10. Continue with all 20 lines. When done, if you have more code to disassemble return to step 3. This can go on indefinitely or until source buffers are full at which time you will need to save the source file. The auto line numbering remembers the last line number and will correctly generate the proper sequences between 20 line chunks. This technique can be useful when you're trying to decipher code. Labels can be added in place of addresses in the operand fields and the corresponding label fields. This entire process is called unassembling object code. It can be very useful when used on small subroutines.

Note: This same process also works on EDASM, Optimized Systems Software's assembler/editor.

WHAT'S IN A NAME ANTIC

Many old timers know that ANTIC is the name of just one of the large scale integrated (LSI) circuits inside the ATARI. This chip functions as a graphics controller and allows the ATARI to perform graphics better than almost any machine in it's price range and many costing much more. We liked the name ANTIC because of it's connotation of playfulness and it's direct connection with our machines. Our reference on the cover to "resource" means that we want to be a source of supply, support, or aid. We intend to live up to our name and have registered it as our trademark. Watch for software under our label.

MORE ON NAMES

Many of you probably are not aware of what the term ATARI means. The word itself originates from the ancient game GO. The term is used to warn one's opponent that capture of territory is imminent. It's a polite way of saying "attack." Since I am a GO player, I've always appreciated the name given to my favorite computer. (JC)

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The following assembly language program will allow a BASIC program the capability of selectively (masking) ignoring any key(s) on the keyboard. This function is accomplished by first using the BASIC program, SETUP, to choose those keys which are to be enabled or masked. The output of program SETUP is a file containing string data and machine code. This file may be appended to your own program as a subroutine and once called the desired masking effect will be enabled.

This routine puts to good use locations \$208,\$209, called VKEYBD. VKEYBD is accessed whenever a key is pressed on the keyboard. Normally VKEYBD contains \$FFBE, the start of the system's keyboard interrupt service routine. Our setup routine BEGIN (see listing) puts \$620 the start of our own keyboard

interrupt routine in locations \$208,\$209. Now whenever a key is pressed our routine is executed which either ignores a key by simply performing an RTI (return from interrupt) instruction or jumps to the normal system routine at \$FFBE and allows the key to be accepted.

To use the BASIC program, SETUP, type it in and save it. When SETUP is executed it will ask whether keys should be Enabled(E) or Masked(M). When in mode E all keys are initially masked (disabled) and you must selectively re-enable each key. If M mode is chosen then all keys are initially enabled and you must selectively mask (disable) each key.

In the following example all computer output is printed in bold letters. See page 30 for SETUP.BAS listing.

```
10 Listing 1
0000
                     .TITLE"KEY MASK 1.0"
          KEY MASK 1.0
                                        жжж
          30 :xxx
          40 :xxx(c) 1982 by, Matt Lovelessxxx
                                       XXX
          50 ; ** written especially for
                     ANTIC magazine
                                        жжж
          70 ; *******************
          88
          90 ;*** EQUATES ***
          0100 :
                         $D209
          0110 KBCODE =
D209
                                  ; Key board code
0208
          0120 VKEYBD =
                         $0208
                                    Keyboard IRQ ve
00CB
          0130 TABLE
                         $CB
                                  ; Free zero page locations
          0140
          0160 : INIT ROUTINE: Puts my keyboard handler online
          0000
                                  ; Page 6
          0180
                     x=
                         $0600
          0190 BEGIN SEI
                                  ; Disable IRQ's
0600 78
0601 AD0802 0200
                     LDA
                         UKEYBD
                                  ; Point the keyboard vector to my
                                  ; routine, and set my routine's JMP
0604 8D3006 0210
                     STA
                         JMPLOC+1
0607 AD0902 0220
                     LDA
                         VKEYBD+1
                                  ; instruction to point to the OS's
060A 8D3106 0230
                     STA
                         JMPLOC+2
                                   ; routine
          0240
                         #MYRTN8255 ; Lo byte of my routine
060D A920
                     LDA
060F 8D0802 0250
                     STA
                         VKEYBD
0612 A906
          0260
                     LDA
                         #MYRTN/256; Hi byte of my routine
0614 8D0902 0270
                     STA
                         VKEYBD+1
0617 68
          0280
                     PLA
                                    Remove USR amount byte
                                   ; Get hi byte of the mask string
0618 68
          0290
                     PLA
0619 85CC
          0300
                     STA
                         TABLE+1
                                   ; Get lo byte
061B 68
          0310
                     PLA
                         TABLE
061C 85CB
          0320
                     STA
                                   ; Re-Enable IRQ's !
061E 58
          0330
                     CLI
061F 60
          0340
                     RTS
                                   ; Return to BASIC
          0350
              0360
               THE NEW KEYBOARD INTERRUPT ROUTINE
          0.370
               0620 98
          0380 MYRTN
                     TYA
                                   ; Keyboard IRQ vector points here
0621 48
          0390
                     PHA
                                   ; Save Y-register
0622 AC09D2 0400
                     LDY
                         KBCODE
                                   ; Get the key code
0625 B1CB
           0410
                     LDA
                          (TABLE), Y ; and use it to index into the string
0627 D004
          0420
                     BNE
                         GONORM
                                   ; Is it masked out?
0629 68
           0430
                     PLA
                                    YES - then ignore key and
062A AB
          0440
                     TAY
                                   : restore registers
          0450
                     PLA
062B 68
062C 40
          0460
                     RTI
                                   ; Exit the keyboard interrupt
           0470 ;
          0480 GONORM PLA
062D 68
                                   ; Restore Y-register
062E A8
          0490
                     TAY
062F 4C0000 0500 JMPLOC JMP
                          $0000
                                   ; Go to normal system keyboard routine
0632
           0510
                     . END
```

ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE continued

Would you like to ENABLE keys(E) or MASK keys(M)? E(return)

-ENABLE MODE-

ALL KEYS ARE DISABLED.
PRESS KEY(s) YOU WANT TO ENABLE.

ABC (return) press START key

WHICH LINE NUMBER TO START SUBROUTINE ON? 2500 (return)

ENTER OUTPUT FILE NAME, INCLUDE DEVICE.

D:TEST.BAS (return)

NOTE: Subroutine will be written to disk at this point.

To test the TEST.BAS program.

NEW (return)

ENTER"D:TEST.BAS" (return)

RUN (return)

NOTE: Only key AB and C will be recognized all other keys are masked (disabled).

SUBSCRIBE TO ANTIC

See page 18

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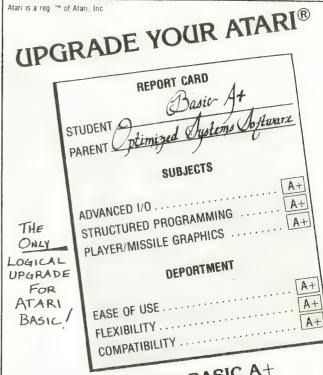
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Corp

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ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE continued

5 REM ** SETUP.BAS **

8 REM ** written for ANTIC by Matt Loveless 10 DIM KEY\$(260), WRT\$(1000), A\$(1), FILE\$(20)

20 ? "Would you like to ENABLE keys (E)"!? "or MASK keys (M)";

25 INPUT AS

30 IF A\$="E" THEN GOTO 100

40 IF A\$="M" THEN GOTO 200

50 ? !? !GOTO 20

100 REM --- ENABLE KEYS -

110 REM ALL KEYS START OUT DISABLED

120 KEY\$(1)=CHR\$(0)!KEY\$(260)=CHR\$(0)!KEY\$(2)=KEY\$

130 GRAPHICS 0:SETCOLOR 2,0,0:? !? - ENABLE MODE

132 ? " ALL KEYS ARE DISABLED*

135 POKE 764,255:REM CLEAR CHARACTER BUFFER

140 POKE 752,11? !? !? " PRESS KEY(S) YOU WANT TO ENABLE.

150 POSITION 2,211? " press (START) after all keys" 155 ? " are entered."

160 P=PEEK(764):IF P<>255 THEN 180

170 IF PEEK(53279)<>7 THEN 1000

175 GOTO 160

180 P=P+1:KEY\$(P,P)=CHR\$(1)

190 POKE 764,255:GOTO 160

200 REM --- DISABLE MODE

210 REM ALL KEYS START OUT ENABLED

220 KEY\$(1)=CHR\$(1)!KEY\$(260)=CHR\$(1)!KEY\$(2)=KEY\$

230 GRAPHICS 018ETCOLOR 2,0,01? 1?

--- DISABLE MODE -232 ? * ALL KEYS ARE ENABLED"

235 POKE 764,255:REM CLEAR CHARACTER BUFFER

240 POKE 752,11? !? !? " PRESS KEY(S) YOU WANT TO DISABLE."

250 POSITION 2,211? " press [START] after all keys" 255 ? "

are entered."

260 P=FEEK(764):IF P<>255 THEN 280

270 IF PEEK(53279)C>7 THEN 1000

275 GOTO 260

280 P=P+1!KEY\$(P,P)=CHR\$(0)

290 POKE 764,255!GOTO 260 1000 REM --- CREATE STRING

1010 GRAPHICS 0:SETCOLOR 2,9,2:? !?

1015 ? " WHICH LINE NUMBER TO STAR"

1016 ? = SUBROUTINE ON";

1020 TRAP 1020:INPUT AMT

1025 ? !? !? "ENTER OUTPUT FILE NAME, INCLUDE DEVICE";

1026 INPUT FILES

1028 OPEN #1,8,0,FILE\$

1030 WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)

1032 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)="DIM KEY\$(257);KEY\$(1,50)=" 1040 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=CHR\$(34);REM QUOTATION MARK

1050 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=KEY\$(1,50)

1060 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=CHR\$(34)!REM QUOTATION MARK

1070 PRINT #1;WRT\$

1080 AMT=AMT+10: 1090 WRT\$=STR\$(AMT);WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)="KEY\$(51,120)="

1100 WRT#(LEN(WRT#)+1)=CHR#(34))REM QUOTATION MARK

1110 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=KEY\$(51,120)

1120 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)=CHRs(34))REM QUOTATION MARK

1130 PRINT #1;WRT\$

1140 AMT=AMT+10

1150 WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)!WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)="KEY\$(121,200)="

1160 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)=CHRs(34);REM QUOTATION MARK

1170 WRT#(LEN(WRT#)+1)=KEY#(121,200)

1180 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)=CHRs(34))REM QUOTATION MARK

1190 PRINT #1:WRT#

1200 AMT=AMT+10

1210 WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)!WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)="KEY\$(201,257)="

1220 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=CHR\$(34)!REM QUOTATION MARK 1290 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=KEY\$(201,257)

1240 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)=CHRs(34)!REM QUOTATION MARK

1250 PRINT #1;WRT#

1260 AMT=AMT+10

1270 WRTs=STRs(AMT)

ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE

continued on next page

ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE continued

1290 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=" DATA 120,173,8,2,141,48,6,173,9,2,141,49, 6,169,32,141,08,02,169,6,141,9,2"

1290 PRINT #1;WRT#

1300 AMT=AMT+10:WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)

1310 WRT#(LEN(WRT#)+1)=" DATA 104,104,133,204,104,133,203,88,96, 152,72,172,9,210,177,203,208,4,104"

1320 PRINT #1|WRT\$

1325 AMT=AMT+10/WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)

1330 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)=" DATA 168,104,64,104,168,76,0,0"

1340 PRINT #1:WRT\$

1350 AMT=AMT+10:WRT\$=STR\$(AMT)

1360 WRTs(LEN(WRTs)+1)="FOR ZQZ=1536 TO 1585(READ ZQX!POKE ZQZ.ZQX!NEXT ZQZ"

1370 PRINT #1|WRT\$

1380 AMT=AMT+10IWRT\$=STR\$(AMT)

1390 WRT\$(LEN(WRT\$)+1)=" X=USR(1536,ADR(KEY\$))! REM INITIALIZE"

1400 PRINT #1;WRT\$

1410 CLOSE #1

1420 END

ASSEMBLER LANGUAGE

The following products are recommended.

The ATARI Assembler

by Don & Kurt Inman Reston Publishing Company \$14.95 hardbound. Suitable for beginners. See review in this issue.

6502 Assembly Language

Programming

by Lance Leventhal Osborne/McGraw Hill, Inc. \$15.95

A necessary reference text. Over the heads of beginners, but an inevitable purchase.

Assembler Editor language cartridge Atari Inc.

\$54.95

Most suitable for beginners. NOTE: EADASM from O.S.S. is very similar. For experienced Assembly language users there are better packages, watch for our recommendations in coming issues.

USER NOTES

Did you buy your computer after January 1982? If so, look for a "G" sticker on your console carton. This means you have the new GTIA chip (see page 13). Also look for a yellow "C" sticker and a blue "DS" sticker on your disk drive carton. These two stickers indicate that you have the new fast format ROM C chip and a data separator circuit. With with the addition of these electronic parts your disk drive will load programs faster and be more reliable. THANKS ATARI!!

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By Stuart Smith

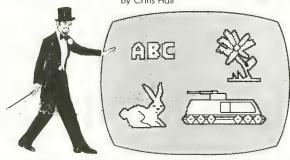


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APPLE II (disk) DOS 3.2/3.3 Requires Applesoft Basic in ROM.

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LOOKING AT BOOKS

COMPUTE!'s First Book of ATARI Published by COMPUTE! Books Small System Services, Inc. 184 pages-\$12.95

by DeWitt Robbeloth

This book is a collection of articles from COMPUTE! Magazine. All of the material is about the ATARI computer and its uses. That's very handy material if you are an ATARI owner. The biggest problem with the book is that the topics are scattershot, reflecting the interests of the many writers rather than the needs of the reader. Still, it is likely that sooner or later an ATARI owner will have an interest in most of the information in this book, and once you have the book, there it will be. I bought it for this promise

Many of the articles are directly and immediately useful, for the beginner as well as the experienced user. Since these articles did appear in COMPUTE! at some time during the past few years, it is fair to assume that they met a relevance challenge from the magazine's editors when published, and the fact that they made it through another editorial screening is a good recommendation for their quality.

There are 33 articles by 24 different authors several of them well known in the micro world. Their work has been organized generally around several key interests: the BASIC language; graphics; programming techniques; and peripherals. The book is not a primer in any of these areas, nor is it a substitute for diligent study of the ATARI manuals. Each article stands alone, and if it is too advanced, the next one may well be easier. Almost all of the articles need to be studied to yield any real benefit. Many include program listings for user copying or saving. Most of the listings are photocopied from printouts, so you can assume they are accurate.

This book clearly tells you a lot about the ATARI that you couldn't find out from authorized sources and could only discover by chance on your own. In that respect, these articles are like war stories, swapped behind the lines during R&R. One guy says that creating 3-D effects with color graphics is a snap. (Oh, yeah!) Another describes the structure of BASIC inch by inch, as if it were an impregnable fort. Someone else demystifies a scary function. (I guess POKE ain't so hard.)

The best recommendation I can give for this book is that I bought it. COMPUTE! has a good reputation for supporting ATARI owners, and getting this book is surely cheaper and easier than buying up all of COMPUTE!'s back issues. I expect to have my nose in this book soon and often. Now let's see, what's this here about XIO?

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KIDS KORNER

Do you think programming is dull and boring? Well, try this, and you'll be surprised! Just type this program (exactly) into your ATARI and RUN it. Be sure there is a BASIC cartridge in the left front slot, though.

- 10 GRAPHICS 2
- 15 DIM NAM\$(20)
- 20 ?"TYPE YOUR NAME"
- 25 INPUT NAM\$
- **28 POSITION 10.0**
- 30 SETCOLOR 0.0.0
- 32 POSITION 10.K
- 35 PRINT #6, NAM\$
- 40 FOR I= 1 TO 15
- 45 FOR J=1 TO 50
- 50 SETCOLOR 4,I, 8
- 55 NEXT J:NEXT I
- 58 K = K + 1
- 60 GOTO 30

RUN the program. Type in your name and press RETURN.

Not bad, huh?

Everything that's fun on a computer has to be programmed by someone. Some programming is very complicated, but some is as simple as this. Of course, we know you don't understand what you did, but you can learn. Study your BASIC book, read computer books and magazines, share ideas with your friends, ask your teacher, pester a programmer, experiment.

ANTIC will help you discover the possibilities of your ATARI, and if you invent a good program, maybe

we'll print it for other kids to use.

WORD PROCESSING COMPARISON

continued from page 5

TEXT WIZARD (TM)

BEST FEATURES:

The least expensive of the three word processors being discussed here, *Text Wizard* has to be labeled as the BEST BUY. It is an extremely powerful yet simple word processor, and has the added ability to write and edit BASIC programs. If you do any software development you will really appreciate the edit capability. For example, you can load a basic program, edit it, and print all or part of it to your printer.

Word processing commands are very logical and can be given at any time except during print. There is no menu, but every command ties to the keyboard in a fashion that is easy to remember. The console keys START, SELECT, AND OPTION, for example, are used a great deal. To print, save, or load a program you would press OPTION and either P, S, or L. Perhaps the nicest feature involves the INSERT mode. If you press the CONTROL key and the INSERT key at the same time, you enter this mode which allows you to insert letters, words, or even paragraphs. Text to the right of the cursor is "pushed" as you type which makes the job of adding text into the middle of a paragraph a simple matter.

WORST FEATURES:

Text Wizard makes no attempt to overcome the 40 column TV screen limitation imposed by Atari. This translates to "print it if you want to see how it will look" and wastes a lot of paper. Difficulty may also be experienced when using the header/footer commands on shorter than normal pages, but with some experimenting this can be compensated for. Although you would have to do a lot of typing to feel the pinch, Text Wizard uses more of your memory space than Letter Perfect by about 6000 bytes.

ATARI (TM) WORD PROCESSOR

BEST FEATURES:

Make no mistake, this is the most sophisticated and powerful of the three programs being compared. At the top of most lists would have to be the superior text formatting/viewing capabilities of the ATARI word processor. Of the three programs we are reviewing, this is the only one which does an excellent job of compensating for the 40 column screen limitation. By pressing the [SELECT] key, you are transferred to a special graphics mode which shows you what your document will look like when printed. Although you can't read it in this form (words have been replaced by lines) the image is very clear. It is from this mode that all of the form controls are indicated as well, and you can see the effect of your margin changes instantly. All other changes require

that your text be re-formatted under program control. The reformatting, incidentally, is fascinating to watch the first few times, but on a long document can be time consuming. The trade off of reformatting versus printing to see what the results will be, softens the wait considerably.

The Atari Word Processor has a number of very sophisticated features that aren't found in many others in its price range (\$150). It makes liberal use of the Atari scrolling and screen editing features which provides substantial freedom to view your text. It intentionally makes a backup copy of the last page that you "re-save" after editing. This allows you to reclaim it in the event you have a change of heart. It allows you to change capital letters to lower case, and viceversa with a simple keystroke. You would have to see this one in action to belive its usefulness.

WORST FEATURES:

After using both Letter Perfect and Text Wizard for some time the Atari Word Processor seems very complicated even though great pains have been taken in the Atari tradition of human engineering. The documentation, which seems intimidating at first, is designed for the person with no computing experience and is demeaning in its simplicity for anyone other than the rank beginner. Time is the best teacher, though, and Atari has really done a commendable job of preparing the user to reap full benefits from their program. After the dust has settled, the one remaining shortcoming seems to be the numerous keystrokes needed to accomplish certain tasks. The Atari Word Processor is completely menu driven, with at least 5 levels of menu to contend with in certain cases. To format a document, for example takes five individual keystrokes if you want to include depagination. Printing can take four and so-on. Much of this results from the added features and functions that Atari has provided, so it is possible that there isn't a better/faster way. It just seems that there is so much "protect the user" philosophy built in to it that is sometimes gets in the way of efficient operation.

CONCLUSIONS

The best way to finish this off is to refer you to the chart of features that accompany this article, and to encourage you to try each of them at a local dealer. All three word processors are good, if not great. All have their strengths, and in fact I use all three depending on my purpose or goal. All three are good value for the money. If I had to choose one above the others, however, I would give the nod to LJK. They seem to be on the right track, and are tying their software together into a nice, albeit expensive, package. The database (Data Perfect) is now available as well as the ROM version of Letter Perfect. The latter, incidentally, sells for \$250, which seems a bit high. It is an enhanced version of Version 2.0 and will be given a thorough review in the next issue, so be sure to check it out.

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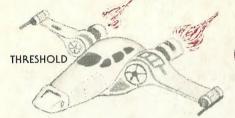
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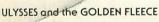
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